# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# L-Cysteine monohydrochloride

Revision Date: 2024-05-25 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name : L-Cysteine monohydrochloride

CBnumber : CB6694980

CAS : 52-89-1

EINECS Number : 200-157-7

Synonyms: L-CYSTEINE HYDROCHLORIDE,L-Cysteine HCI

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

### **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 400-158-6606

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)

❖

Signal word Warning

#### Precautionary statements

P405 Store locked up.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

#### **Hazard statements**

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H315 Causes skin irritation

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Substance**

Product name : L-Cysteine monohydrochloride

Synonyms: L-CYSTEINE HYDROCHLORIDE,L-Cysteine HCI

 CAS
 : 52-89-1

 EC number
 : 200-157-7

 MF
 : C3H8CINO2S

MW : 157.62

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult doctor if feeling unwell.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Sulfur oxides Hydrogen chloride gas Combustible.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

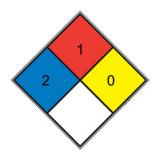
#### Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **Further information**

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

#### **NFPA 704**



Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u>

HEALTH 2

ether, ammonium phosphate, iodine)

Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion

1 can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. mineral oil, ammonia)

REACT 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)

SPEC.

FIRE

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid inhalation of dusts. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up dry. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

#### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Dry.

Hygroscopic. Store under inert gas. Moisture sensitive. Air and light sensitive.

#### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

## **Exposure controls**

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: KCL 741 Dermatril? L

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: KCL 741 Dermatril? L

Respiratory protection

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type P1

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the

instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physicochemical properties

| Appearance                              | white Crystalline powder  |
|---|---|
| Odour                                   | No data available   |
| Odour Threshold                         | No data available   |
| рН                                      | 0,81 at 20 °C   |
| Melting point/freezing point            | Melting point/range: 174,1 - 174,7 °C - OECD Test Guideline 102 - Decomposition |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 110 °C at ca.1.013 hPa - OECD Test Guideline 103 - Decomposition                |
| Flash point                             | Not applicable  |
| Evaporation rate                        | No data available   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)               | No data available   |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive   | No data available   |
| limits                                  |   |
| Vapour pressure                         | < 0,1 hPa at 25 °C - OECD Test Guideline 104                                    |
| Vapour density                          | No data available   |
| Relative density                        | No data available   |
| Water solubility                        | 736,75 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105- completely soluble               |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  | log Pow: -2,49 at 22 °C Bioaccumulation is not expected.                        |
| Autoignition temperature                | does not ignite   |
| Decomposition temperature               | No data available   |
| Viscosity                               | Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available   |
| Explosive properties                    | No data available   |
| Oxidizing properties                    | No data available   |
|   |   |

# Other safety information

Surface tension 72 mN/m at 1g/l at 20 °C

- OECD Test Guideline 115

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed.

# **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

strong oxidising agents

#### Conditions to avoid

May discolor on exposure to air and light. Avoid moisture. no information available

#### Incompatible materials

No data available

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - female - > 2.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 423)

Remarks: (for the monohydrate)

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Remarks: (for the monohydrate)

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Result: No skin irritation - 42 min (OECD Test Guideline 439) Remarks: (for the monohydrate)

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Bovine cornea

Result: No eye irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 437)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: positive

Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration. Test system: Red blood cells (erythrocytes)

Result: negative Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse

Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes) Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

**Aspiration hazard** 

No data available

**Toxicity** 

LD50 intraperitoneal in mouse: 1250mg/kg

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

#### Toxicity to fish

static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - > 100 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Remarks: (for the monohydrate)

#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 100 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Remarks: (for the monohydrate)

#### Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - 83 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201) Remarks: (for the monohydrate)

### Toxicity to bacteria

static test EC50 - activated sludge - 360 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

### Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 9 d

Result: 95,5 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301A)

Remarks: (for the monohydrate)

#### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and

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very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### Other adverse effects

No data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN number**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### **UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Not dangerous goods

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

## **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

#### Special precautions for user

#### **Further information**

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

#### References

[1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

[2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

[3] ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

[4] eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

[5] ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

[6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

[7] HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

[8] IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

[9] IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.