ChemicalBook

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

6-ACETYL-1,1,2,4,4,7-HEXAMETHYLTETRALIN

Revision Date:2024-03-30 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name	: 6-ACETYL-1,1,2,4,4,7-HEXAMETHYLTETRALIN
CBnumber	: CB2222239
CAS	: 1506-02-1
EINECS Number	: 216-133-4
Synonyms	: 7-ACETYL-1,1,3,4,4,6-HEXAMETHYLTETRALIN,Acetyl Hexamethyl Tetralin

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against	: none

Company Identification

Company	: Chemicalbook
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone	: 400-158-6606

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

Label elements

Pictogram(s)

Signal word	Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

none

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Other hazards

no data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: 6-ACETYL-1,1,2,4,4,7-HEXAMETHYLTETRALIN
Synonyms	: 7-ACETYL-1,1,3,4,4,6-HEXAMETHYLTETRALIN,Acetyl Hexamethyl Tetralin
CAS	: 1506-02-1
EC number	: 216-133-4
MF	: C18H26O
MW	: 258.4

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

no data available

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Absorption, Distribution and Excretion

The systemic exposure to 7-Acetyl-1,1,3,4,4,6-hexamethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene (AHTN) was determined ... in humans under simulated conditions of exposure. Ring 14C-labeled AHTN was applied in alcoholic solutions without occlusion to three male volunteers at concentrations approximating that which might be encountered in a typical cologne type product. After a 6-h period, all material was removed from the surface of the skin. Blood, feces and urine were collected over a 5-day period. For both materials, levels in blood and plasma were below limits of detection at all times. Based on excretion, primarily in the urine, the total absorbed dose was approximately 1% for AHTN. However, over the 5-day period, 14.5% of AHTN was recovered from the skin in dressings over the site of application indicating that a 'reservoir' had formed in the skin but the material in the reservoir was lost, by desquamation and/or by reverse absorption, and not available systemically. A mean of 24% (AHTN) was shown to evaporate under the conditions of exposure.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

no data available

Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours.Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment.Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation.Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

Exposure controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	Solid. Crystalline.
Colour	White to off-white.
Odour	Odor type: musk
Melting point/freezing point	55.1 °C. Atm. press.:1 atm. Remarks:At 98.0% AHTN concentration in Tonalid.;54.5 °C. Atm. press.:1 atm. Remarks:At 97.0% AHTN concentration in Tonalid.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	326 °C. Atm. press.:1 atm.
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	no data available
Flash point	> 100 °C.
Auto-ignition temperature	> 400 °C. Remarks:No endothermic or exothermic reaction was observed during the test.

Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	In water, 1.25 mg/L, temp not specified
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	log Pow = 5.7. Temperature:24 °C.
Vapour pressure	0.068 Pa. Temperature:25 °C. Remarks:Standard deviation: 0.0123 Pa. Relative standard deviation: 18.04%.
Density and/or relative density	960 kg/m3. Temperature:70 °C.
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

no data available

Chemical stability

no data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

Conditions to avoid

no data available

Incompatible materials

no data available

Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 - rat (male/female) - 920 mg/kg bw.
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: LD50 - rat (female) - 7 940 mg/kg bw.

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus - 1.49 mg/L - 96 h.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 - Daphnia magna - > 800 µg/L - 3 d.
Toxicity to algae: EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum) - > 835 µg/L - 72 h.
Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Tonalide, present at 30 mg/L, released 0% theoretical BOD in four weeks using an activated sludge inoculum at 100 mg/L and the Japanese MITI test(1). No oxidation occurred after 28 days using adapted industrial sludge with respirometric method(1). No CO2 was released after 28 days using a sealed vessel with activated sludge adapted for 8 weeks or using sewage effluent and a modified Strum test after 28 days(1). Tonalide was degraded 80% in 3 wks by the fungus Aureobasidium pollulans and was totally degraded in 6 days by Phanerochaete chrysosporium(1).

Bioaccumulative potential

An average BCF of 1,069 was given for eel (Anguilla anguilla) and 600 for zebra fish (Brachydonio rerio)(1). A BCF was given for bluegill sunfish (L. Macrochirus) as 597(2). According to a classification scheme(3), these BCF suggest the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is high to very high(SRC). Tonalide had a BCF of 50 in midge larvae (Chironomus riparius) and 6918 in worms (Lumbriculus variegatus)(4).

Mobility in soil

Measured Koc values for tonalide are 9,550 L/kg(1), 6,309 L/kg(2) and 63,000 L/kg(3). According to a classification scheme(4), these Koc value suggest that tonalide is expected to be immobile in soil(SRC).

Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: Yes

IMDG: Yes

IATA: Yes

Special precautions for user

no data available

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

EC Inventory

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

PICCS

Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

IECSC

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/