# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# Trifluoromethane

Revision Date:2024-07-06 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name	: Trifluoromethane		
CBnumber	: CB7778094		
CAS	: 75-46-7		
EINECS Number	: 200-872-4		
Synonyms	: CHF3,fluoroform		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.		
Uses advised against	: none		
Company Identification			
Company	: Chemicalbook		
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing		
Telephone	: 400-158-6606		

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

#### Label elements

Pictogram(s)

Signal word

Warning

#### Hazard statement(s)

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

#### Precautionary statement(s)

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### Prevention

none

#### Response

none

Storage

none

#### Disposal

none

#### Other hazards

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance

: Trifluoromethane
: CHF3,fluoroform
: 75-46-7
: 200-872-4
: CHF3
: 70.01

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

#### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention.

#### Following skin contact

ON FROSTBITE: rinse with plenty of water, do NOT remove clothes. Refer for medical attention .

#### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

no data available

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

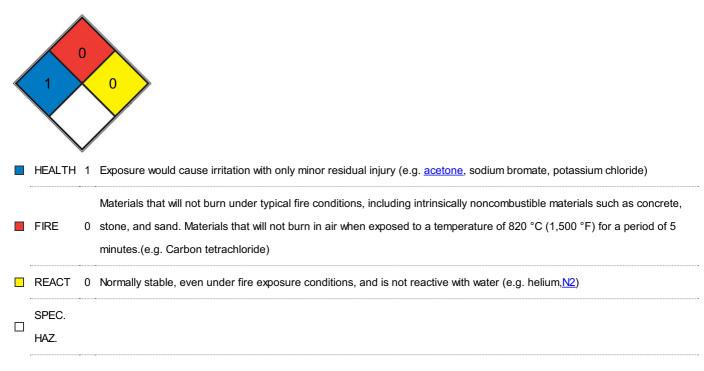
#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Not combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.

#### Advice for firefighters

In case of fire in the surroundings, use appropriate extinguishing media. In case of fire: keep cylinder cool by spraying with water.

#### **NFPA 704**



### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ventilation. NEVER direct water jet on liquid. Personal protection: self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational Exposure limit values** 

no data available

**Biological limit values** 

no data available

#### **Exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

#### Individual protection measures

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety goggles.

#### Skin protection

Cold-insulating gloves.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Use ventilation, local exhaust or breathing protection.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physicochemical properties

colourless gas
no data available
no data available
-155°C
-82°C
no data available
no data available
no data available

Solubility	In water: slightly
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	0.64
Vapour pressure	635 psi ( 21 °C)
Density and/or relative density	1.246
Relative vapour density	2.43 (vs air)
Particle characteristics	no data available
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# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

no data available

#### **Chemical stability**

no data available

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

The gas is heavier than air and may accumulate in lowered spaces causing a deficiency of oxygen. Decomposes on contact with hot surfaces or flames. This produces corrosive and very toxic fumes (hydrogen fluoride - see ICSC 0283).

#### Conditions to avoid

no data available

#### Incompatible materials

no data available

#### Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

no data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

Inhalation of the vapour may cause depression of the central nervous system. The liquid may cause frostbite. Exposure could cause cardiac arrythmia and asphyxiation. See Notes.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

#### Aspiration hazard

On loss of containment this substance can cause suffocation by lowering the oxygen content of the air in confined areas.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

#### Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

#### Mobility in soil

no data available

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **Disposal methods**

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN3136 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN3136 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN3136 (For reference only, please check.)

#### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: TRIFLUOROMETHANE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: TRIFLUOROMETHANE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID (For reference only, please check.) IATA: TRIFLUOROMETHANE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID (For reference only, please check.)

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 2.2 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 2.2 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 2.2 (For reference only, please check.)

#### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: (For reference only, please check.) IATA: (For reference only, please check.)

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

#### Special precautions for user

no data available

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)
Listed.
EC Inventory
Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory
Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015
Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
Listed.
PICCS
Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory
Listed.
IECSC
Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)
Listed.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index? pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

#### **Other Information**

To physicians: adrenergic agents are contraindicated. High concentrations in the air cause a deficiency of oxygen with the risk of

unconsciousness or death. Check oxygen content before entering area. Do NOT use in the vicinity of a fire or a hot surface, or during

welding.Turn leaking cylinder with the leak up to prevent escape of gas in liquid state.

**Disclaimer:** 

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.